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. ...

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256

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.3

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.6

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.7
                                                                   .8
                                                                   .9
                                              (Laird 1986)
Elizabeth II is the queen of England(actual state)
If Elizabeth II abdicates......(real possibility)
If Elizabeth II had abdicated.....(hypothetical state described by a
subjunctive antecedent)
                                                    (Harris)
              (
                                                     (Reilly)
                           (Schachter)
```

(whenever)

(S)
. (would)
. - . . (if when)

(Ferguson et al,1986.)

(

(Bowerman 1986 (Bates, 1976)

(Barwise)

(Subjunctive conditionals)

(Laird1986)

.()

(Bowerman, 1986)

(if-then constructions)

(Reilly 1982; McCabe et al .1983 for English;)

Bates 1976 for Italian, Clancy, Jacobsen and Silvia 1976, for Italian, German, Turkish, English, Smoczynska 1986 for Polish).

(when, because, so)

(if)

1976 (Clancy)

If John comes, we'll go out:

If (whenever) you (If John had come, we would have gone out)) press this, the machine starts) because,)

(so, when

6-4

.1979 Kuczaj and Daly

(Bates ,1976)

```
(Reilly, 1982)
```

(1999)(if) (): (if it were that, if) (If I were a king) ()() If he) (If he has been here, I'll find out) (comes, I'll tell him () (If it is the case that) (If) (If it should be the case that) when or) () (whenever -1 (contrary to fact) (would have gone) (perfect verb) (would go)

(If he had studied, he would have succeeded)			
.(If he had fallen in love with her, he would have marr	ied h	er)	*
If you had asked that of me before today, I would have greatly)	e help	ed yo	
If I had a thousand dollars, I would marry her tomorro	ow		*
		:	-2
If he studies (If he should study), he will succeed			*
(if, unless, when)			
(Traugott.et.al 1986) ()		
. ()	()	

```
(counterfactual.)
                                               (noncounterfactual)
                        (unless)
                                                 nisi)
          (Comrie 1986)
       (biconditional)
                                                     (providedthat)
Provided that no one objects, we'll have the meeting at 4 o'clock
                                                 (Unless)
                                :(portasis)
Unless you leave immediately, you will be late
                   (Laird, 1986)
                                        (Wierzbicka)
                                                             (If)
                                    (if)
      (embedded questions)
                                                 if
I don't know if I will
                                                                  go
                         )
                                            (Pragmaticconditionals)
If you are hungry, the fridge is in the kitchen
                           (Counterfactuals) (
  If you had come my brother wouldn't have died
     (Counterfactual)
                                          (Barwise)
                   (Athanasiadou & Dirven, 1986)
```

(were, had and should) - 1 -Were it all true, it would still not excuse their actions. -Had I known there was never to be another chance, I'd have filmed the occasion. -Should any visitors come, I will say you are not here.(p78) (Only if) -2 Only if I went bald, would I shoot myself. Unless I went bald, I wouldn't shoot myself (only if) (unless) (unless) (even if) (Auwera) (If) (I will go if John goes and Go if John goes) I will go even if John goes. Or Go even if John goes. (Suppose-supposing\assuming.) -3 Suppose you go bald\suppose you went bald\suppose you should go bald...etc, what would you do? Supposing that you should go bald, what would you do? Assuming that you go bald, what about your job? (On condition that, provided that, providing that.) -4 Provided that no objection is raised, we shall hold the meeting here. It would be pleasant living in Glasgow, providing you were living in a nice flat.

We'll make you a baron on condition that this invention works..

(if	
(wh	nen)
(when)	•
	. (<i>if</i>)
	(Reilly)
<i>(</i>)	
. (<i>if</i>)	(when)
	:
	(Laird)
	(Lanu)
	*
If I am a liar, then what I said is t not a liar, then what I said is fals	
:	(Auwera)
Open the window and I'll kill you. Open the window and I'll kiss you	(If you open, I'll kill) Not to open (to open)
Open the window or I'll kill you. (window, I'll kill you	
()	

(Liard)

:

If you've run out of petrol, there is a garage down the road.

If the court wants the tapes, Richard has them.

If you give her the ring, you are married to her.

do marry her.

are you married to her?

.

If J. Edgar Hoover had been a Communist, then he would have been a traitor.

If J. Edgar Hoover had been born in Russia, then he would have been Communist

(then)

(If)

(Veltman)

This is the best book of the month, if not of the year.

There is coffee in the pot, if you want some.

(If)

If there is anything you need, my name is Marcia. I paid back that fiver, if you remember. If I may interrupt you, you're wanted on the telephone.(p163)

(Traugott.)

(Herb Caen:) If he doesn't save the country, he'll certainly save your day (if) () (although) (if you please) (Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))		(Traugott)
(if) () (although) (if you please) (Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))	: (Herb Caen:)	
() (although) (if you please) (Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))	If he doesn't save the country, he'll certainly save you	ur day
(if you please) (Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))	(if)	
(Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))	: () (although)
(Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))		
(Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))		
(Ford &Thompson 1986) (Mead&Henderson1983))		
(Mead&Henderson1983))	(if you please)	
(Mead&Henderson1983))	•	
(Mead&Henderson1983))		
(Mead&Henderson1983))		
(Mead&Henderson1983))		•
•	(Ford &Thompson 1986)	
•		
. (Winter ,1982)	(Mead&H	enderson1983))
(Winter ,1982)		
	(Winter ,1982)	

```
(Linde
                                                      ,1976)
                                              (if –clause)
                                           .(Greenberg, 1963)
                      %23
                                (%85)
```

1000 7.2

1000 4.6

4.2 (Hwang ,1979)

1000 (if conditionals)

2.7 36000

1000

375000

()

3:1

. Our confused and difficult world needs various things if it is to escape disaster, and among these one of the most necessary is that, in the nations which still uphold Liberal beliefs

If Lana wanted a piece of apple, she had to press the sequence please machine give apple. Lana would not receive any apple if she pressed such incorrect sequence as: please machine apple give or

machine please give apple.

(initial if-clause)

I thought it might be useful if you knew about yesterday. (Fillenbaum)

If you eat the mushroom you will be poisoned. If I eat the mushroom I will be poisoned

(Ford)

(Ferguson)

(Polite directives)

	d get your table up with yo r I would like to see you	our new sketches just	as soon
1990	(Sweetser)	(Ford)	
	(epistemic)	(conter	ıt)
		speech act cond	itionals)
	(co	ontent)	
		:	
If Mary goes,	John will go.		
)			/
		(epistemic)	. (
		(cpisternic)	
	:		
If their lights	ced, then she's been marri are on, the Wilsons are ho are wet, it rained last nigh	ome from their vacat	ion.

(speech act conditionals)

If it is not rude to ask, what made you decide to leave IBM? If you went to the party, how's Harry?

- a. If you're hungry, I could find something for you in the fridge.
- b. If you leave before I see you again, have a good time.
- c. If what I said offended you, I apologize.

result) (if clause) (condition clause) (clause (clause (clause (comrie) - (apodosis) (protasis)

: (-

(Comrie)

```
If you translate this for me, I'll give you $100.
I'll give you $100 if you translate this for me.
                                                               (70)
                                       (if not)
                                                              (unless)
                                                      (unless)
Unless you study hard, you will fail the course
```

(Come to our house ton	orrow . if you	wish)			
(Come to our nouse ter		,,,,,,			•
(I'll meet the president i	f I visit Beirut)			
	: () () ()		•
He considers the perso		him as d hey ate			
	ou will not be	permitt	ed to g	go un	• less
you finish your work		permitt	ed to g	go un	• less
you finish your work I would not receive hin		permitt	ed to g	go un	• less
you finish your work			ed to g		• less
you finish your work I would not receive hin					• less
you finish your work I would not receive hin			unless		less
you finish your work I would not receive hin			unless (less •

```
(
Make one mistake, and there'll be trouble.
Understand Chinese, and I'd need you for a teacher)
      (Imperative)
                                                  (1999)
                                         Study and you will succeed
                                    'relevance conditionals'
                     If you fancy a shower, the water is hot.:
                                Fancy a shower and the water is hot
                     If you are John Smith, the message is for you
 . Be John Smith and the message is for you
                                                    (1999)
     ( )
              (if negative,) (a perfect tense verb)
                                                            (jussive)
 (he didn't go)
                                (if he had gone)
                                                             -1:
                                  (if he goes)
 (he might go)
                                                            -2
  (he might go)
                                    (if he goes)
                                                            -3
```

```
if he)
                         (if)
                                       (if he goes) (had gone
   )
                                             (perfect tense )
(perfect tense)
                    (If I go, I'll meet him)
             (If(When) I go, I'll meet him)
     (If I had gone, I would have met him)
                                              perfect tense
      ( )
                                            (would)
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"If you come closer, you'll be able to see the parade."
(the form we'll mainly be considering)
"Unless you come closer you won't be able to see the parade."
(If you don't stand closer, you won't be able to see the parade)
"Do you like it? It's yours!"
(If you like it, it's yours)
"Come here and I'll give you a kiss."
(If you come here, I'll give you a kiss.)
"Criticize him the slightest bit and he starts crying."
(If you criticize him the slightest bit, he starts crying.)
"Get out of here or I'll call the police."
(If you don't get out of here I'll call the police.)
"Anyone who does that deserves to be punished."
(If anyone does that, they deserve to be punished.)
"With his hat on he would look older."
(If he had his hat on, he would look older.)
- "Otherwise, I wouldn't be here."
(If things were not the way they are, I wouldn't be here.
```

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The Acquisition of Conditional
Constructions by Arab EFL Learners

()

English And Arabic Conditional Sentences:"

%60

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.1

and,so,because..etc

(when) (if) .3
.4
.(if you please)

(–) .

.6 1957

. .7

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٠	v
	•

If I were a teacher, I	
would	
If I were a king, I	
would	
I	if I were a millionaire
What would you do if you	:
	failed this course?
What would w	on do if your friend insulted you?